Session 1: The Fourth Commandment

ESS 107: *Love Your Neighbor*

USCCA Chapter 28

Date: _____/_____/_____ Name: _____

1. The Fourth Commandment, honoring our father and mother, supports the family as the domestic (or home) church.

    a. A family is "a _____ and a _____ united in _____, together with their children (USCCA p. 376)."

    b. Families are called to be schools of _____, of _____ and an

    icon of the _____.

    c. Families are the first place where the _____ of God is _____ to children.

    d. "The family is the _____ and _____ _____ of society (FC #42)."

2. Children are called to have a grateful heart to their parents, who gave us life.

    a. Children's love for their parents is shown through _____.

    b. God offers _____ to each family member to help the family grow as the domestic church.

    c. Adult children are called to _____ _____ their elderly parents.

3. Parents are called to care for the physical, spiritual, intellectual, emotional and moral needs of their children.

    a. Parents are to give a _____ _____ to their children, especially in the area of virtue.

    b. As primary educators, parents should _____ with and for their children from the earliest age possible.

    c. Parents are to _____ in guiding, not forcing, their children into the right vocation, including discerning a vocation to the priesthood or religious life.

4. Civil authorities are called to defend the family.

a. They are to _____ the _____ as the permanent and exclusive union of a man and a woman.

b. They are to establish _____ that reflect and protect proper

_____ order.

c. Citizens should _____ to obey laws that go against the moral order.

d. The Church and every lay Catholic has the _____ to shape

_____ life in light of Catholic teaching.

For Further Study:

- Catechism of the Catholic Church #2196-2257.
- Scriptural Foundations: Exodus 20:12; Sirach 7:27-28.

Session 2: The Fifth Commandment

ESS 107: *Love Your Neighbor*

USCCA Chapter 29

Date: _____/_____/_____ Name: _____

1. God created all life and is the source of its sacred value.

    a. The fifth commandment includes not only the _____ well-being of others,

    but also their _____, _____ and _____ well-being.

    b. The Fifth Commandment calls us to create a _____ of _____.

2. The Fifth Commandment prohibits:

    a. _____ _____.

    b. _____.

    c. _____ _____ _____.

    d. Embryonic _____-_____research and cloning.

    e. _____ and physician-assisted _____.

    f. _____ _____.

    g. _____.

    h. _____.

    i. _____.

    j. Other sins that violate the Fifth Commandment include bigotry, hatred, physical or emotional abuse, violence against a person, inattention to one's health, or the abuse of alcohol or drugs.

For Further Study:

- Catechism of the Catholic Church #2258-2330.
- Scriptural Foundations: Exodus 20:13; Exodus 23:7; Deuteronomy 30:19

Session 3: The Sixth Commandment
ESS 107: Love Your Neighbor
USCCA Chapter 30

Date: _____/_____/_____ Name: _____

1. "The Sixth Commandment summons spouses to practice permanent and exclusive fidelity to one another (USCCA p. 405)."

    a. _____ established marriage as a reflection of His love and fidelity to us.

    b. Emotional and sexual fidelity are _____ to the commitment made in marriage between husband and wife.

    c. The vows made to the couple are binding until the _____ of one of the spouses.

2. Chastity is the virtue whereby one successfully integrates one's sexuality "within the person and thus the inner unity in his bodily and spiritual being (CCC #2337)."

    a. Chastity unites our sexuality with our _____ human nature.

    b. "Chastity includes an apprenticeship in _____-_____ which is

    a training in human _____ (USCCA p. 405)."

    c. Chastity helps the person to _____ their sexual desire, not becoming a slave to them.

    d. Chastity grows and blossoms in _____.

    e. Sins against chastity include:

        i. Lust.
        ii. Masturbation.
        iii. Fornication.
        iv. Incest.
        v. Sexual Abuse.
        vi. Pornography.
        vii. Prostitution.
        viii. Rape.
        ix. Homosexual Acts.

3. The bond between husband and wife is both conjugal and procreative.

a. These two aspects _____ be broken.

b. "Conjugal mutual love and fidelity is the _____ aspect of marriage (USCCA p. 408)."

c. "God calls the married couple to be _____ to _____" in

_____ act of physical union (USCCA p. 415).

d. Sins against the unitive and procreative aspects of spousal love include:

i. Any procedure that _____ blocks the life-giving power of the marital embrace.

ii. Use of means to achieve pregnancy _____ of the act of sexual intercourse.

e. Couples desiring to space the births of their children in cases of legitimate need are called to use natural family planning, in which the couple _____ chooses not to block the life-giving power of the marital embrace.

4. Threats to marriage include:

a. _____.

b. _____.

c. _____.

d. _____.

e. _____-_____ unions.

For Further Study:

- Catechism of the Catholic Church #2331 - 2400.
- Scriptural Foundations: Exodus 20:14; Matthew 5:31-32; Matthew 19:3-9; Mark 10:9; Luke 16:18; 1 Corinthians 7:10-11.

Session 4: The Seventh Commandment

ESS 107: *Love Your Neighbour*

USCCA Chapter 31

Date: _____/_____/_____ Name: _____

1. The Seventh Commandment forbids theft, "taking someone's money or property 'against the reasonable will of the owner (USCCA p. 419).'" This includes:

    a. Robbery.
    b. Embezzlement.
    c. Computer theft.
    d. Counterfeit money.
    e. Fraud.
    f. Identity theft.
    g. Copyright violations.
    h. Mail scams.

2. To keep this commandment, we need to acquire the virtues of:

    a. _____, which curbs our attachment to worldly goods.

    b. _____, which helps us respect our neighbour's rights and take interest in human well-being.

    c. _____, which opens our hearts to the whole human family.

3. The Seventh Commandment calls individuals to:

    a. Safeguard _____ rights.

    b. _____ our debts.

    c. Fulfill obligations that we have _____ incurred.

4. The Seventh Commandment calls government to:

    a. Safeguard _____ _____ of money and property.

    b. _____ people from robbery and injury.

5. The Church has a right and obligation to make judgments in economic and social matters when the rights of the person or the salvation of souls requires it.

6. The US Bishops have isolated the following major themes in the social teaching of the Church:

a. Human life is _____ and the dignity of the human person is the foundation of the _____ life of society.

b. The _____ is the central social institution of society and must be strengthened and supported.

c. The person has an obligation to participate in the life of _____, seeking the common good and well-being of all.

d. Human dignity can be protected and community can be healthy only if human _____ are protected and responsibilities met.

e. Our society is called to put the needs of the _____ and _____ first.

f. The economy must _____ the people.

g. We are called to live in _____ with all of our brothers and sisters throughout the globe.

h. We are to show respect to God's creation through our _____ and care for the _____.

For Further Study:

- Catechism of the Catholic Church #2401 - 2463.
- Scriptural Foundations: Exodus 20:15; Luke 16: 19-31; James 2:15-16.

Session 5: The Eighth Commandment
ESS 107: *Love Your Neighbour*
USCCA Chapter 32

Date: _____/_____/_____ Name: _____

1. God is the source of truth. Jesus declared He is the truth (John 14:6).

2. The Eighth Commandment forbids false witness against our neighbour. This includes the sins of:

   a. Lying.
   b. Ruining the reputation of others.
   c. Rash Judgment.
   d. Detraction, unjustly telling of someone's faults.
   e. Perjury, lying under oath.
   f. Calumny, telling lies about another.
   g. Hypocrisy.
   h. Gossip.

3. "No one is bound to reveal the truth to someone who does not have the right to know it (USCCA p. 434)."

   a. These situations include:

      i. Protecting the _____ of others.

      ii. Guarding one's right to _____.

      iii. Respecting the _____ good.

   b. Confidences are to be kept by professionals and in ordinary relationships, unless there are _____ and _____ reasons for divulging the information.

4. Those in public media are bound by the principle of the promotion of the common good. Society has a right to truth based on:

   a. _____.
   b. _____.
   c. _____.
   d. _____.

For Further Study:
- Catechism of the Catholic Church #2464-2513.
- Scriptural Foundations: Exodus 20:16; Matthew 5:37; John 8:44; Colossians 3:9; Ephesians 4:25; 1 Peter 3:15-16;

Session 6: The Ninth Commandment

ESS 107: *Love Your Neighbor*

USCCA Chapter 33

Date: _____/_____/_____ Name: _____

1. The Ninth Commandment calls us for a purity of heart with regards to our sexuality.

    a. While Baptism purifies us from sin, there remains in us concupiscence, that is, a tendency or _____ to sin.

    b. Concupiscence is kept in check by constantly _____ our motives and our deeds.

    c. Purity is obtained by asking God for it through _____.

2. Modesty is a virtue that directs our dress, speech, and actions to purity.

    a. Modesty flows out of the virtues of _____, chastity and self-control.

    b. Modesty helps us see the _____ connection between marriage and sexual behavior, helping us to respect the boundaries of intimacy.

    c. Modesty is supported by _____ and _____.

For Further Study:

- Catechism of the Catholic Church #2514-2533.
- Scriptural Foundations: Exodus 20:18; Deuteronomy 5:21; Matthew 5:28; Romans 7:24-25.

Session 7: The Tenth Commandment
ESS 107: *Love Your Neighbour*
USCCA Chapter 34

Date: _____/_____/_____ Name: _____

1. The Tenth Commandment calls us to a healthy detachment from material goods.

    a. The detachment from material goods leads to _____.

    b. _____ is a threat that leads to all evils.

    c. "The Tenth Commandment looks at the _____ attitudes of greed and envy that lead us to steal and act unjustly (USCCA p. 449)."

2. The Tenth Commandment calls us to:

    a. Practice _____ of spirit and _____ of heart.

    b. Have a _____ love for the poor.

    c. Be _____ of justice and peace.

    d. Adopt a _____ of life that frees us from consumerism.

3. Envy fills us with sadness at the sight of another person's prosperity. It is countered with:

    a. _____.

    b. _____ to God for His gifts.

    c. _____.

    d. _____ to the providence of God.

4. In their pastoral letter on stewardship, the US Bishops identify the following characteristics of stewardship:

    a. *Disciples as Stewards:* Through conversion and commitment to Christ, disciples

    recognize the _____ as the _____ of their gifts.

    b. *Stewards of Creation:* God created the world, but calls us to _____ it with Him.

c. *Stewards of Vocation:* God calls each one of us _____ by name to a specific vocation in the Church.

d. *Stewards of the Church:* As disciples of Jesus, we work through the Church, Christ's instrument of _____ in the world.

e. *Stewards of the Church:* The dominant culture in our society encourages us to focus on _____ and our pleasures, rather than on spiritual realities.

f. *A Steward's Way:* Jesus is our _____ of stewardship, and after Jesus we look to the Blessed Virgin Mary for our example of stewardship.

For Further Study:

- Catechism of the Catholic Church #2534 - 2557.
- Scriptural Foundations: Exodus 20:18; Matthew 6:19-21; 1 Timothy 6:10; 1 Peter 4:10